SAFETY DATA SHEET

Super 20

Section 1. Identifi	ication
GHS product identifier	: Super 20
Product type	: Liquid
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable	
Supplier's details	: Ball Chemical & Equipment 5380 Brookpark Road Cleveland, OH 44134-1091 Phone: 216-398-8484
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 800-843-6174 (24 Hours)
Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

1/11

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Coconut oil diethanolamide	1 - 5	68603-42-9
Diethanolamine	1 - 5	111-42-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. **Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and Ingestion keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2015	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	: 0.01	2/11
Inhalation	: No specific	data.				
Eye contact	: No specific	data.				
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>nptoms</u>					
Ingestion	: No known	significant effects or critic	al hazards.			
Skin contact	: No known	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Inhalation	: No known	significant effects or critic	al hazards.			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					

Section 4. First aid measuresSkin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may
be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (section 8)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/5/2015	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 0.01	3/11
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	in special instructions before use. Do not read and understood. Do not get in e d breathing vapor or mist. If during not read, use only with adequate ventilation on a pproved alternative on the second seco	ipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - not handle until all safety precautions have eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. rmal use the material presents a respiratory or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the e made from a compatible material, kept ainers retain product residue and can be
Advice on general occupational hygiene		should wash hands and face before eating, ted clothing and protective equipment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	t sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventila food and drink. Store locked up. Keep y for use. Containers that have been o	Store in original container protected from ated area, away from incompatible materials o container tightly closed and sealed until opened must be carefully resealed and kept unlabeled containers. Use appropriate nination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name Exposure limits	
Diethanolamine	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

Appropriate engineering controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
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Date of issue/Date of revision: 8/5/2015	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 0.01	4/11
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 5/1
Vapor density	: <1 [Air = 1]
Vapor pressure	: <4 kPa (<30 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Evaporation rate	: Not available
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.334°C (>200°F)
Boiling point	: 100°C (212°F)
Melting point	: 0°C (32°F)
рН	: 9 to 10
Odor threshold	: Not available
Odor	: Citrus
Color	: Pink
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Specific gravity	: 1.01 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available
VOC content	: 1%
VOCs are calculated following the requirements u	nder 40 CFR, Part 59, Subpart C for Consumer Products and Subpart D for Architectural Coatings.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute	tovi	icity
Acute	UN	City

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Coconut oil diethanolamide Diethanolamine	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat	12200 mg/kg 1600 mg/kg 12200 mg/kg 710 mg/kg	- - - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Coconut oil diethanolamide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	300 microliters	-
Diethanolamine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	5500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	50 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Not available

Carcinogenicity

Not available

Classification

Classification					
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
Coconut oil diethanolamide Diethanolamine	-	2B 2B			
Reproductive toxicity					
Not available					
Teratogenicity Not available					
<u>Specific target organ toxicit</u> Not available	<u>y (single ex</u>	(posure)			
Specific target organ toxicit Not available	<u>y (repeated</u>	exposure)		
Aspiration hazard Not available					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not avai	lable			
Potential acute health effects	i i				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	: No know	n significa	nt effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: No know	n significa	nt effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chem	ical and to	oxicological characteristics		
Eye contact	: No spec				
Inhalation	: No spec	ific data.			
Skin contact	: No spec				
Ingestion	: No spec	ific data.			
Delayed and immediate office	te and aleo	chronic of	ffects from short and long term exposure		
Short term exposure			nects from short and long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not avai	lable			
Potential delayed effects	: Not avai	lable			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not avai	lable			
Potential delayed effects	: Not avai	lable			
Potential chronic health effe	ects				

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2015	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
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Version : 0.01

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	 Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral	23429.6 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Diethanolamine	Acute EC50 12 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 28800 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2150 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 775 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diethanolamine	-1.43	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the
	requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** SARA 311/312 Classification : Delayed (chronic) health hazard **Composition/information on ingredients**

Date of issue/Date of revision :8/5/2015 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 9/11

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Coconut oil diethanolamide	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Diethanolamine	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Diethanolamine	111-42-2	1.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	· · · ·	No significant risk level	Max acceptable dosage
Coconut oil diethanolamide Diethanolamine		-		No. No.

International regulations

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2015	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 0.01	10/11
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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History Date of printing : 8/5/2015 Date of issue/Date of : 8/5/2015 revision Date of previous issue : No previous validation : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations References : Not available

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

11/11